

Observed Recovery Rates Dashboard Corporates

April 2021

Banks recover 78% from Corporate defaults

Key Findings

- When corporates default lenders eventually recover on average almost 78% of the amount lent.
- Recovery Rates were 7% lower in the last downturn compared to non downturn times.
- It takes between 1 and 2 years to recover the cash flows.

Seniority and Collateral

Seniority and collateral are observed as affecting recoveries. Secured recovery is higher than unsecured, particularly where a strong (primary) collateral is held.

Region

GCD data has its strongest database in Europe and North America, which register similar figures. GCD members receive country level data for deeper analysis.

Industry

Granular industry groups are available to GCD member banks and are condensed here into key industry groupings. The differences are mainly explained by the availability of real estate collateral.

Recoveries and Losses in Crisis Times

The long timespan of the GCD database and the detailed cash flow data allow for dedicated analysis by year of default. Higher numbers of defaults and lower recoveries are observed during the financial crisis starting in 2008. The peak of defaults were in year 2009 which was the worst year of the crisis. As workouts take more than one year the 2008 defaults were being recovered in that worst year and hence show the lowest recovery. The final result of the defaults from the current Covid-19 economic crisis will be reported by banks in the years 2021 to 2025.

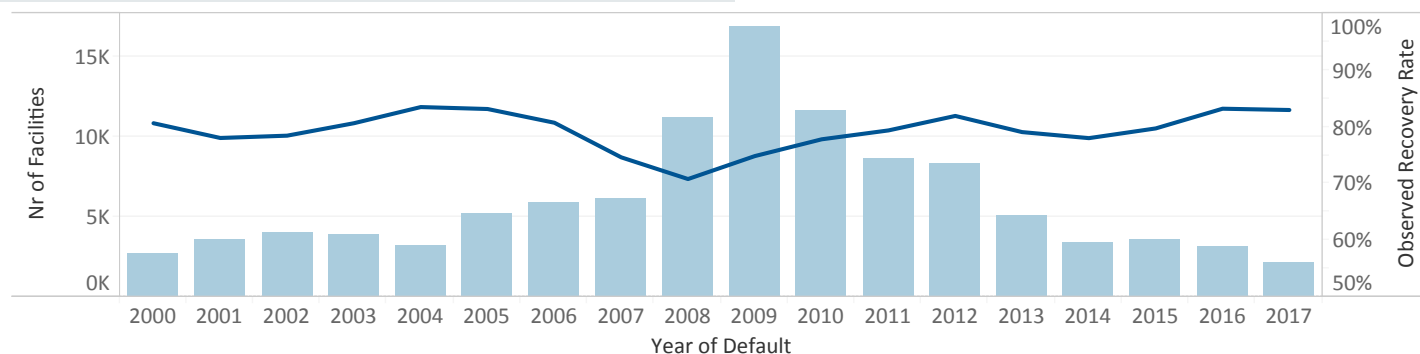
Note on Terms Used (see [Appendix](#) for more details)

Observed Recovery Rate refers to the historically observed nominal average recovery cash flows divided by outstanding at default.

Time to Peak Recovery is calculated as the center point of recovered cash flow.

Primary Collateral is Cash, Marketable Securities, Ships, Airplanes, Real Estate and Other Objects. **Secondary Collateral** is all other collaterals.

	Nr of Facilities	Observed Recovery Rate	Time to Peak Recovery
Grand Total	108,502	78%	1.4
Secured	Primary	84%	1.5
	Secondary	74%	1.3
	Total	79%	1.4
Unsecured	Senior	76%	1.2
	Subordinated	60%	1.7
	Other	77%	1.8
Total	29,289	76%	1.3
Africa & Middle East	1,776	87%	1.4
Asia & Oceania	5,963	78%	0.8
Europe	55,996	79%	1.5
Latin America	4,373	71%	1.5
North America	40,199	78%	1.2
Other	195	62%	1.5
Agriculture	5,582	83%	1.2
Communications	3,037	75%	1.4
Construction	10,343	77%	1.5
Hotels and Restaurants	3,660	79%	1.5
Manufacturing	22,736	79%	1.2
Mining	1,666	83%	1.0
Real Estate	11,494	82%	1.5
Social/Health Services	4,257	75%	1.7
Other Services	14,860	76%	1.3
Transportation	4,831	79%	1.2
Utilities	1,072	80%	1.3
Wholesale/Retail Trade	18,776	76%	1.2
Other	6,188	78%	2.0
Downturn 2007-2009	34,180	73%	1.6
Non Downturn	74,322	80%	1.2



About Global Credit Data

Global Credit Data (GCD) is a non-profit association owned by 50+ member banks. GCD operates pooled databases on a “give to get” basis, meaning that members who supply high quality data and receive detailed data in return. The robustness of GCD’s data collection infrastructure place the GCD databases as the global standard for credit risk data pooling.

About this report

This report summarizes Recovery Rates for Corporates, in which numerical evidence of recoveries and losses is presented. See other GCD Reports for Banks and Sovereigns.

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